

QBITS Introduction

Personal Organisers might have been around as early as 1910. A UK company founded in 1921 began producing a range of Personal Organisers styled in leather bound wallets. This design originated with a US company 'Lefax' and is perhaps one explanation as to how the abbreviation of a File of Facts became the FiloFax.

What is a Personal Organiser all about, one early description was a box or open tray kept on an office desk and divided into compartments to hold office supplies? Of more interest was a small book for keeping information such as names, addresses, phone numbers, dates of meetings, etc to help organise your time? Revamped by Ian Logan in the 1980's it became the most desirable accessory for the so-called Yuppie brigade.

As an electronic device a Personal Organiser had sections for a Diary, Calendar, Contact lists, a Year Planner and more such as calculator. Back in the nineteen eighties I made notes for writing one in SuperBASIC, but then PISION with its QL connection, marketed a range of Electronic Organisers called Personal Digital Assistants (PDA's).

QBITS Organiser Beginnings

The code beginnings in the eighties started with a double page spread for Year Calendar and a Planner. A Contacts list page used a simple Line Editor. Then a Meetings scheduler was added. Graphics for a Calculator led to working with Math functions. For the larger Diary page entries, the Line Editor was extended to work within a TextBox of varying columns and rows.

QBITS Organiser Storage

Eighties assessments revealed a year's storage of DATA might be in the order of 300Kbytes. It prompted dividing the DATA storage into monthly SAVE/LOAD files, so as to reduce working RAM allocation and for storage across multiple Microdrives.

QBITS Organiser II - Code Review

A new start began with a Contents Page to access each of the Organiser Sections. Apart from Calendar each can create information that is held temporally in Arrays. The Saving of data is made direct to a default storage Device. Organiser II when entering a Section, automatically Searches and Loads any previously Saved DATA from the current default Device. On leaving a Section the program prompts a Save of any DATA generated.

Each Organiser Section Saves DATA in different Formats. The default Device and range of Devices is loaded at Program Start from QBITSConfig. Following the Device name is a Prefix for a Directory Filename held in DF\$. The QBITS Program default is '**OrgII_**', this can be changed to the users preferred file heading (see Code Line 1019).

All Sections use the following suffix that of the '**Year_**'. To this is then added the Type, '**Addr**' Addresses, '**PL** Planner. '**B_**' Banking, '**D_**' Diary, '**M_**' Meetings. Appended to Banking, Diary & Meetings, is the Month '**JAN**' etc. The default Device, Year & Month can be changed on the Contents Page.

On the righthand side of Selected Pages the working Date is displayed. This is separate from the Current date shown above the Organiser Page. For Banking, Diary, Meetings Left/Right Cursor keys changes any displayed information to comply with the Day of the current working Date. In addition, for the Planner to change the Month use Up/Down Cursors. Calendar shows only the Year. Addresses instead of date shows the displayed record number, to change use Left/Right Cursors. To change the Search character use Up/Down cursors.

QBITS Calendar Calculations

As aligning the Day of the Month to the Day of the Week proved problematic, the weekday of the Gregorian Calendar and Key Value Method was used. To work out the correct weekday, codes for different Months and Years speed up the calculation. It takes the last two digits of the year divides by 4 and drops the remainder, to which it then adds the day of the month. A month key value is then added to the result.

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec
1	4	4	0	2	5	0	3	6	1	4	6

A leap year is one divisible by 4, but not if evenly divisible by 100 i.e. 1700,1800,1900, only centuries divisible by 400 are leap years. If Jan or Feb is in a leap year subtract 1, then add the century code.

1700s	1800s	1900s	2000s
4	2	0	6

To obtain codes for other centuries luckily the Gregorian Calendar repeats every 400 years. For example, 1650+400=2050 so code is 6.

Next, we again add the last two digits of the year, divide by 7 and use the remainder. The value being the day of the week, 1-Sunday, 2-Monday and so on with 0 Saturday.

See the PROCedure Cal_day (yr%,m%,d%).

QBITS Organiser II Code

1000 REMark **QBITS_OrgII_bas** [QBITS Organiser 2024 QL40th – QPC2I] vM30

1002 dev\$='win1_':MODE 4:gx=0:gy=0 :REMark Basic Settings

1004 **WHEN ER**Ror :eck=1:CONTINUE:**END WHEN**

1006 REMark **Import QBITSConfig Settings**

1007 OPEN _IN#9.dev\$&'QBITSConfig':INPUT#9,gx\gy\dn\$\dev\$\dn%\dm%

1008 DIM drv\$(15,5):FOR d=0 TO 15:INPUT#9,drv\$(d):END FOR d:CLOSE#9

1010 REMark *** **Appointments/Banking/Calendar/Diary/Mail List/Planner** ***

1011 DIM phone\$(50,6,16),name\$(50,5,26),addr\$(50,96),email\$(50,36) :REMark Addr

1012 DIM Tran\$(31,9,3,16),Key\$(4,5),Num\$(9):num=0 :REMark Banking

1013 DIM Jml\$(31,432),Rmdr\$(31,216),Wth\$(31,5),CRem(31,6) :REMark Diary

1014 DIM Meet\$(31,8,32),Note\$(31,256) :REMark Meets

1015 DIM Plnr\$(12,31),Event\$(12,12),Pcol\$(12) :REMark Planner

1016 DIM bcol\$(6),wd\$(7,3),mth\$(12,3),md\$(12),Sky\$(8,10),RStr\$(15)

1018 REMark *** **Init Prog TexED/Calculator/OrgII_Data File & OrgII_Config** ***

1019 yb%=1901:ye%=2099:DF\$='OrgII_' :REMark Year Range : Data File Prefix

1020 ct%=65:bc%=7:rm%=50 :REMark ct%=A : bc% BkGnd :Max Rcrds

1021 :FOR i=0 TO 6:bcol%(i)=7 :REMark BkGnd Colours

1022 **RESTORE 1029**:FOR i=1 TO 7:**READ wd\$(i)** :REMark Days of the Week

1023 **RESTORE 1030**:FOR i=1 TO 12:**READ mth\$(i),md%(i)** :REMark Month / Days-Month

1024 **RESTORE 1033**:FOR i=0 TO 8:**READ Sky\$(i)** :REMark Weather Patterns

1025 **RESTORE 1036**:FOR i=1 TO 12:**READ Event\$(i),Pcol%(i)** :REMark Planner

1026 **RESTORE 1040**:FOR b=1 TO 5:FOR a=1 TO 4:**READ Key\$(a,b)**:END FOR a:END FOR b

1028 REMark *** **Days of the week : Month : End of Month** ***

1029 DATA "Sun","Mon","Tue","Wed","Thu","Fri","Sat"

1030 DATA 'JAN',31,'FEB',28,'MAR',31,'APR',30,'MAY',31,'JUN',30

1031 DATA 'JUL',31,'AUG',31,'SEP',30,'OCT',31,'NOV',30,'DEC',31

1032 REMark *** **Weather Patterns** ***

1033 DATA 'Changeable','Sunny','Cloudy','Windy','Showers'

1034 DATA 'Overcast','Heavy Rain','Stormy','Snow'

1035 REMark *** **Planner Events : Colour Codes** ***

1036 DATA 'Anniversary',1,'Birthday',2,'Doctor',3,'Dentice',4

1037 DATA 'Shopping',5,'Meetings',6,'PayDays',41,'Holidays',48

1038 DATA 'Project 1',34,'Project 2',80,'Project 3',230,'Project 4',255

1039 REMark *** **Calculator Keyboard** ***

1040 DATA '%','C','%','/', '7','8','9','*', '4','5','6','+'

1041 DATA '1','2','3','-', 'N','0','.', '=',

1043 **Init_Win:Init_Date:Org_Menu**

1045 **DEFine PROCEDURE QExit**

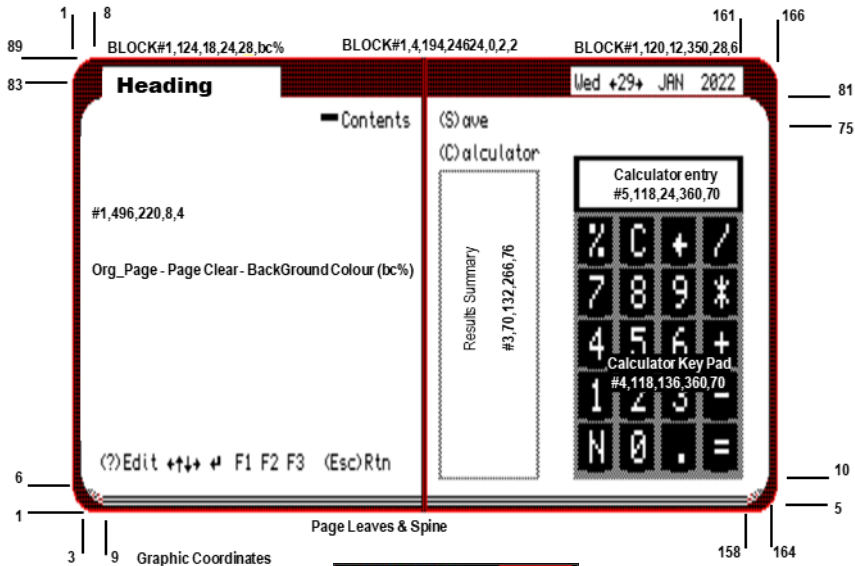
1046 STRIP bc%:INK 0:CURSOR 92,132:PRINT 'Y/N':PAUSE

1047 IF KEYROW(5)=64:LRUN dn\$:ELSE BLOCK 20,10,92,144,bc%

1048 **END DEFine**

QBITS Organiser II - Screen Layouts

Using QL SuperBASIC WINDOW's, channel#6 is opened to deploy as a blank screen background. WINDOW #1 the main operating channel is set with SCALE 100,0,0. Using ARC & LINE and the Graphics coordinates system, the first job was deciding x, y positions for drawing the organiser outer Cover and Pages. Next location for a Page Heading and areas for displaying the Organisers Current and Working Dates.



QBITS Date

Current Date is set by QL Clock.

QBITS Working Dates

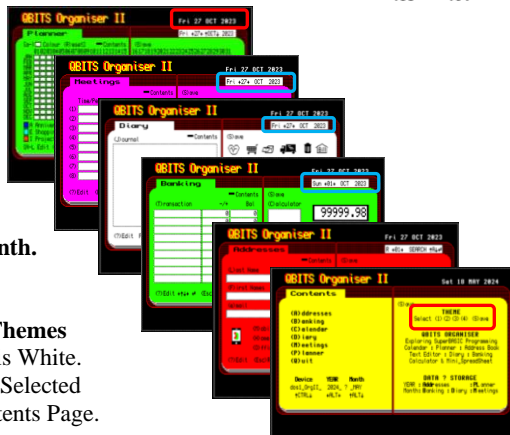
For **Banking Diary & Meetings**
Change the Day of the Month.

For **Planner** change Day & Month.

QBITS Organiser Themes

Default Page colour is White.

Page Themes can be Selected
and Saved from Contents Page.



QBITS Organiser Controls

Cursor Left/Right/Up/Down <Spacebar> <Enter> <Esc>
 + - ↑ ↓ (Esc)
 Edit (?) [key First Letter of (H)heading...] (Esc) to Return

```

1050 DEFine PROCEDURE Init_Win
1051 LOCal a,b,c,d,e,f
1052 OPEN#6,scr_:WINDOW#6,512,256,gx,gy:BORDER#6,1,3:PAPER#6,0:CLS#6
1053 OPEN#5,scr_:WINDOW#5,118, 24,360+gx,70+gy :REMark QBCalc Entry
1054 OPEN#4,scr_:WINDOW#4,118,136,360+gx,72+gy :REMark QBCalc Keys
1055 OPEN#3,scr_:WINDOW#3,70,132,266+gx,76+gy :REMark QBCalc Results
1056 WINDOW#2,496,220,gx+8,gy+4 :PAPER#2,0:INK#2,7 :REMark SBASIC Editor
1057 WINDOW#1,496,220,gx+8,gy+4 :PAPER#2,0:INK#2,7 :REMark QBorg Page
1058 WINDOW#0,496, 20,gx+8,gy+226:PAPER#2,0:INK#2,7 :REMark QL Command
1059 ch%=1:SCALE#ch%,100,0,0:chk=0
1060 FOR chk=0 TO 1
1061 IF chk=0:FILL#ch%,1:INK#ch%,16:RESTORE 1065
1062 IF chk=1:FILL#ch%,0:INK#ch%, 2:RESTORE 1065
1063 FOR i=1 TO 4:READ a,b,c,d,e,f:LINE#ch%,a,b TO c,d:ARC#ch% TO e,f,-PI/2
1064 END FOR chk
1065 DATA 6,89,161,89,166,83,166,83,166,6,161,1
1066 DATA 161,1,6,1,1,6,1,6,1,83,6,89
1067 REMark Page Leaves
1068 RESTORE 1070:BLOCK#ch%,446,5,24,210,7,0,1:INK#ch%,7
1069 FOR i=1 TO 6:READ a,b,c,d:ARC#ch%,a,b TO c,d,PI/2
1070 DATA 3,10,9,2,1,3,10,9,3,3,10,9,4,158,2,1,164,10,158,3,164,10,158,4,164,10
1071 REMark Title
1072 ch%=1:QBIT$='QBITS Organiser':OVER#ch%,1:CSIZE#ch%,2,1
1073 INK#ch%,2:FOR i=0 TO 1:CURSOR#ch%,20-i,2:PRINT#ch%,QBIT$
1074 INK#ch%,6:FOR i=0 TO 1:CURSOR#ch%,22+i,3:PRINT#ch%,QBIT$
1075 OVER#ch%,0:CSIZE#ch%,0,0
1076 END DEFine

```

```

1078 DEFine PROCEDURE Init_Date Current Date from QL Clock
1079 ch%=1:BLOCK#ch%,124,10,342,10,0
1080 d$=DAY$(DATE):dmy$=DATE$:yr%=dmy$(1 TO 4):d%=dmy$(10 TO 11)
1081 FOR i=1 TO 12:IF dmy$(6 TO 8)=mth$(i):m%=i:EXIT i
1082 OVER#ch%,1:CSIZE#ch%,1,0:INK#ch%,7
1083 FOR i=0 TO 1:CURSOR#ch%,350+i,12:PRINT#ch%,d$,' ' ;d$,' ' ;mth$(m%),' ' ;yr%
1084 OVER#ch%,0:CSIZE#ch%,0,0:INK#ch%,0
1085 END DEFine

```

1100 REMark **Organiser Theme**

```

1102 DEFine PROCEDURE Org_Theme Page BkGnd Colours
1103 RESTORE 1104+(k-49):FOR i=0 TO 6:READ bcol%(i)
1104 DATA 7,7,7,7,7,7,7 :REMark Default BkGnd bc% = White
1105 DATA 6,2,4,7,6,3,4 :REMark Yellow, Red, Green, White, Yellow, Magenta, Green
1106 DATA 5,3,6,7,5,4,5 :REMark Cyan, Magenta, Yellow, Cyan, Green, Cyan
1107 DATA 4,6,5,7,4,5,6 :REMark Green, Yellow, Cyan, White, Green, Cyan, Yellow
1108 END DEFine

```

```

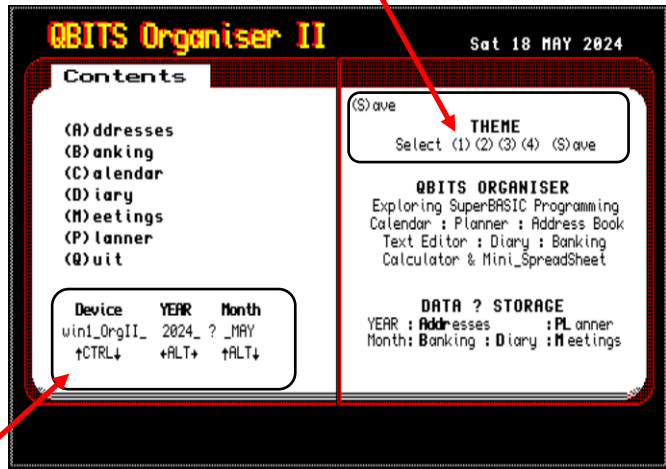
1110 DEFine PROCEDURE Org_Page(ch%,bc%) Page Clear
1111 RESTORE 1114:FILL#ch%,1:INK#ch%,bc%
1112 FOR i=1 TO 4:READ a,b,c,d,e,f:LINE#ch%,a,b TO c,d:ARC#ch% TO e,f,-PI/1.5
1113 FILL#ch%,0:STRIP#ch%,bc%:INK#ch%,0
1114 DATA 10,81,156,81,164,75,164,75,164,10,158,5,158,5,10,5,3,10,3,10,3,75,10,81
1115 BLOCK#ch%,124,18,24,28,bc%:BLOCK#ch%,120,12,350,28,16
1116 BLOCK#ch%,4,194,246,24,0,2,2
1117 END DEFine

```

QBITS Organiser II – ORG_Theme

On start-up **Init_Date** takes the Current Date from the QL Clock and sets the **Year & Month**. Initialising, the Organiser Loads from an Org Config File to access the saved colour Theme or displays 'File NOT Found' with Page Backgrounds displayed White.

Select (1) (2) (3) (4) and (S)ave **Theme**. The Config File details the background colours to be deployed: ie. Default - Line 1104 DATA 7,7,7,7,7,7,7



QBITS Organiser II - Settings

CTRL UP/Down cursor keys to change the Default **Device**. To check try doing a **Theme Save**. If Device not valid a **DEVICE ERROR** will be given.

ALT Left/Right cursor keys to change **Year**. All Data files are affected by this, make sure regular backups are carried out.

ALT Up/Down cursor keys to change **Month**. Banking, Diary, and Meetings are affected by this, make sure regular backup are carried out.

QBITS Organiser II - DATA Files

The Organiser Year/Month DATA Files are Searched for when entering the relevant Organiser Page. If found they are Loaded. When leaving an Organiser Page, or by pressing 'S' a (S)ave Y/N prompt is displayed. If answer is 'Yy' (Yes) the DATA File will be Saved or a prompt to Overwrite Y/N (if already exists) or 'DEVIC ERROR' (if Device is not accessible).

QBITS Organiser II - DATA File Format

Example: win1_OrgII_2022_Addr Address List File

Example. dos1_OrgII_2022_D_JAN Diary Page File

```

1119 DEFINE PROCEDURE Org_Menu
1120 ch%=1:Org_Page 1,7:Prn_Bold 1,256,60,'Initialising...'
1121 BLOCK 120,12,350,28,16:OLoad 0,'OrgConfig':Con=1
1122 REPEAT Page_Ip
1123 IF Con=1:Con=0:bc%=bcol%(0):Org_Page 1,bc%:Content_Page:FileCLS
1124 CURSOR#ch%,32,172:PRINT#ch%,drv$(dn%)&'Org_ '&yr%&'_ ? _&mth$(m%)
1125 k=CODE(INKEY$(-1))
1126 SELECT ON k
1127 =65, 97:Con=1:bc%=bcol%(1):Org_Page 1,bc%:Addresses
1128 =66, 98:Con=1:bc%=bcol%(2):Org_Page 1,bc%:Banking
1129 =67, 99:Con=1:bc%=bcol%(3):Org_Page 1,bc%:Calendar
1130 =68,100:Con=1:bc%=bcol%(4):Org_Page 1,bc%:Diary
1131 =77,109:Con=1:bc%=bcol%(5):Org_Page 1,bc%:Meetings
1132 =80,112:Con=1:bc%=bcol%(6):Org_Page 1,bc%:Planner
1133 =69,101:QExit
1134 =210:dn%=dn%+1:IF dn%>dm%:dn%=dm% :REMark Ctrl Up Device
1135 =218:dn%=dn% -1:IF dn%<0 :dn%=0 :REMark Ctrl Down
1136 =193:yr% =yr% -1:IF yr%<yb%:yr%=yb% :REMark Alt Left Year
1137 =201:yr% =yr% +1:IF yr%>ye%:yr%=ye% :REMark Alt Right Year
1138 =209:m% =m% -1:IF m%< 1:m%= 1 :REMark Alt Up Month
1139 =217:m% =m% +1:IF m%>12:m%=12 :REMark Alt Down Month
1140 =49,50,51,52 :Con=1:Org_Theme :REMark Select Theme
1141 =83,115 :OSave 0,'OrgConfig':FileCLS
1142 END SELECT
1143 END REPEAT Page_Ip
1144 END DEFINE

```

```

1146 DEFINE PROCEDURE Prn_Bold(ps,px,py,str$) Overwrite in various Font sizes
1147 CSIZE ps,0:OVER 1
1148 FOR b=0 TO 1:CURSOR px+b,py:PRINT str$
1149 CSIZE 0,0:OVER 0
1150 END DEFINE

```

```

1152 DEFINE PROCEDURE Content_Page
1153 RESTORE 1154 FOR i=1 TO 8:READ px,py,str$:CURSOR px,py:PRINT str$
1154 DATA 280, 68,'Select (1)(2)(3)(4) (S)ave'
1155 DATA 274,106,'Exploring SuperBASIC Programming'
1156 DATA 272,116,'Calendar:Year Planner:Text Editor'
1157 DATA 278,126,'Address Book : Diary : Banking'
1158 DATA 282,136,'Mini_SpreadSheet & Calculator'
1159 DATA 38,184,♦ CTRL♦ ♦ALT♦ ♦ALT♦
1160 DATA 270,168,'YEAR : esses : anner'
1161 DATA 270,177,'Month : anking : iary : eetings'
1162:FOR i=1 TO 12:READ ps,px,py,str$:Prn_Bold ps,px,py,str$
1163 DATA 2,32,30,'Contents',1,32,60,'(A)ddresses',1,32,72,'(B)anking'
1164 DATA 1,32,84,'(C)alendar',1,32,96,'(D)iary',1,32,108,'(M)eetings'
1165 DATA 1,32,120,'(P)lanner',1,32,132,'(E)xit',1,350,58,'THEME'
1166 DATA 0,38,160,'Device YEAR Type Month'
1167 DATA 1,308,96,'QBITS ORGANISER',1,322,158,'DATA STORAGE'
1168 DATA 0,310,168,'Addr',0,417,168,'PL'
1169 DATA 0,310,177,'B',0,370,177,'D',0,417,177,'M'
1170 END DEFINE

```


The Calendar Cells are drawn using BLOCK and Pixel coordinates system. The chosen Window size 496x220 reduces the row height for Cell Characters to 8 Pixels. To overcome this restriction the Cell is Cleared with a BLOCK command and PRINT is used with the OVER command to write the Days of the Month.

Font 6x10 Pixels 8 Pixels **23** 10 Pixels

Cal_Year determines Cell BLOCK and CURSOR positioning then PRINTs the Date. The day [d%] and weekday [wd%] increments on each pass. If [wd%] reaches 7 it is reset to 1, the week [wk%] is then incremented and clear week [cw%] is reset. The day [d%] is checked against the month [dm%(m%)]. If last day reached this sets the month day [d%] back to 1 and increments the month [m%].

Quarters 2nd, 3rd & 4th checks sets x%,y% coordinates for repositioned Cell groups. In certain years, the occasion arises when Jan 1st is on a Sunday and March 31st falls in week 13 for this an additional Clear of Cells in week 14 is made.

Cal_day (Year, Month, Day) calculates which Weekday a specified Date falls on.

```

1225 DEFine PROCEDURE Cal_Day(yr%,m%,d%)
1226 IF yr% MOD 4=0:dm%(2)=29:ELSE dm%(2)=28 :REMark Leap yr% check
1227 y$=yr%:yd%=y$(3 TO 4):year=yr% :REMark yr% & yd% values
1228 SELECT ON year
1229 =1700 TO 1799:yc%=4 :REMark yc% Century key value
1230 =1800 TO 1899:yc%=2
1231 =1900 TO 1999:yc%=0
1232 =2000 TO 2099:yc%=6
1233 END SELECT
1234 RESTORE 1235:FOR i=1 TO 12:READ a :IF m%=i:mk%=a:EXIT i
1235 DATA 1,4,4,0,2,5,0,3,6,1,4,6 :REMark mk% Month key value
1236 IF dm%(2)=29:IF m%=1 OR m%=2:mk%=mk%-1:END IF :REMark Leap Year adjustment
1237 wd%=(yd% DIV 4)+d%+mk%+yc%+yd% MOD 7:IF wd%=0:wd%=7:REMark wd% Week Day
1238 END DEFine

```

1240 DEFine PROCEDURE Calendar_Page Draws the Quarterly Grids

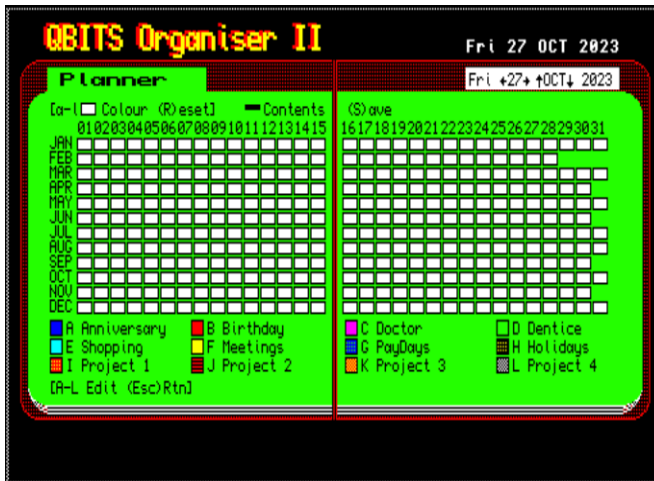
```

1241 FOR i=1 TO 8:BLOCK#ch%,196,1,42,45+i*10,4
1242 FOR i=1 TO 15:BLOCK#ch%,1,70,27+i*14,55,4
1243 FOR i=1 TO 7:CURSOR#ch%,18,46+i*10 :PRINT#ch%,wd$(i)
1244 FOR i=1 TO 3:CURSOR#ch%,i*68-6,45 :PRINT#ch%,mth$(i)
1245 FOR i=1 TO 8:BLOCK#ch%,196,1,257,45+i*10,4
1246 FOR i=1 TO 15:BLOCK#ch%,1,70,242+i*14,55,4
1247 FOR i=1 TO 7:CURSOR#ch%,456,46+i*10 :PRINT#ch%,wd$(i)
1248 FOR i=1 TO 3:CURSOR#ch%,i*68+212,45 :PRINT#ch%,mth$(i+3)
1249 FOR i=1 TO 8:BLOCK#ch%,196,1,42,126+i*10,4
1250 FOR i=1 TO 15:BLOCK#ch%,1,70,27+i*14,136,4
1251 FOR i=1 TO 7:CURSOR#ch%,18,128+i*10 :PRINT#ch%,wd$(i)
1252 FOR i=1 TO 3:CURSOR#ch%,i*68-6,126 :PRINT#ch%,mth$(i+6)
1253 FOR i=1 TO 8:BLOCK#ch%,196,1,257,126+i*10,4
1254 FOR i=1 TO 15:BLOCK#ch%,1,70,242+i*14,136,4
1255 FOR i=1 TO 7:CURSOR#ch%,456,128+i*10:PRINT#ch%,wd$(i)
1256 FOR i=1 TO 3:CURSOR#ch%,i*68+212,126:PRINT#ch%,mth$(i+9)
1257 END DEFine

```

QBITS Organiser Planner

Select Year on Contents Page. Entering Planner, the Year is set out as cells in Month rows and Day columns. Select a specific Date (Day/Month), chose from one of the Event descriptions press a-l to set date with associated colour. The Event Titles can be Edited, Press A-L and are Saved as part of the Planner DATA File As the original QL had a limited number of solid colours, Stipple combinations are used to extend the range.



1300 REMark Organiser Planner Page Events Chart – Days of Year Colour Coded

1302 DEFine PROCEDURE Planner

```

1303 ch%=1: Pnn_Bold 2,32,30,'Planner': OLoad 6,'Org_ '&yr%&'_ PL':FileCLS
1304 BLOCK#ch%, 120, 12,350,28,7:Planner_Page:Cal_Day yr%,m%,d%:Chart_Ent
1305 REPEAT Plan_Ip
1306   Chg_Date:k=CODE(INKEY$(-1))
1307   SELECT ON k
1308     =32:OSave 6,'Org_ '&yr%&'_ PL':EXIT Plan_Ip           :REMark Spacebar
1309     =83,115:OSave 6,'Org_ '&yr%&'_ PL':FileCLS             :REMark (S)ave
1310     =97 TO 108:Plnr%(m%,d%)=k-96       :Chg_Col             :REMark (a - l) Colour Code
1311     =82,114       :Plnr%(m%,d%)=0       :Chg_Col             :REMark (R)eset Colour Code
1312     =65 TO 76 :chk=2       :Chg_Event k-64 :REMark (A - L) Change Event Name
1313     =192:d%=d%-1:IF d%<1:d%=1           :REMark Change Day
1314     =200:d%=d%+1:IF d%>dm%(m%):d%=dm%(m%)
1315     =208:m%=m%-1:IF m%<1:m%=1           :REMark Change Month
1316     =216:m%=m%+1:IF m%>12:m%=12
1317   END SELECT
1318 END REPEAT Plan_Ip
1319 END DEFine

```

1321 DEFine PROCEDURE Chg_Date

```

1322 Cal_Day yr%,m%,d% :STRIP#ch%,7
1323 CURSOR#ch%,352,30:PRINT#ch%,wd$(wd%):' * ':FILL$('0',2-LEN(d%))&d%:' * '
1324 CURSOR#ch%,404,30:PRINT#ch%, * ':mth$(m%):' * ':yr%
1325 END DEFine

```

Note: Select Day/Month with cursors then Set with one of the Event colours [a-l]

```

1327 DEFine PROCEDURE Chg_Col
1328 IF d%<16:pn=34:ELSE pn=46
1329 IF Plnr%(m%,d%)=0:ec%=7:ELSE ec%=Pcol%(Plnr%(m%,d%))
1330 BLOCK#ch%,8,7,53,47,ec%:BLOCK#ch%,10,5,pn+1+d%*13,59+m%*8,ec%
1331 END DEFine

```

Use [\[Shift A-L\]](#) and access [QBITS Text Editor](#) to change any of the Twelve Event Titles

```

1333 DEFine PROCEDURE Chg_Event(ev)
1334 SElect ON ev=1,5,9 :ex%= 50:ey%=164+10*(ev DIV 4)
1335 SElect ON ev=2,6,10 :ex%=160:ey%=164+10*(ev DIV 4)
1336 SElect ON ev=3,7,11 :ex%=280:ey%=164+10*(ev DIV 4)
1337 SElect ON ev=4,8,12 :ex%=398:ey%=154+10*(ev DIV 4)
1338 bc%=bcol%(6):TextEd 1,0,12,1,ex%,ey%,Event$(ev)
1339 END DEFine

```

```

1341 DEFine PROCEDURE Chart_Ent
1342 FOR mth=1 TO 12
1343   FOR day=1 TO dm%(mth)
1344     IF day<16:pn%=34:ELSE pn%=46
1345     IF Plnr%(mth,day)=0:pc%=7:ELSE pc%=Pcol%(Plnr%(mth,day))
1346     BLOCK#ch%,12,7,pn%+day*13,58+mth*8,0
1347     BLOCK#ch%,10,5,pn%+1+day*13,59+mth*8,pc%
1348   END FOR day
1349 END FOR mth
1350 IF dm%(2)=28:BLOCK#ch%,12,7,423,74,bcol%(6)
1351 END DEFine

```

[Writes the Year Chart Entries](#)

```

1353 DEFine PROCEDURE Planner_Page
1354 FOR mth=1 TO 12
1355   FOR i=0 TO 1:CURSOR#ch%,24+i,56+mth*8:PRINT#ch%,mth$(mth)
1356 END FOR mth
1357 FOR n=1 TO 31
1358   IF n<10:N$='0'&n:ELSE N$=n
1359   IF n<16:pn%=34:ELSE pn%=44
1360   CURSOR#ch%,pn%+n*13,56:PRINT#ch%,N$
1361 END FOR n
1362 BLOCK#ch%,12,3,178,48,0:INK#ch%,0
1363 CURSOR#ch%,192,46:PRINT#ch%,'Contents'
1364 CURSOR#ch%,24, 46:PRINT#ch%,'[a-l Colour (R)eset]'
1365 CURSOR#ch%,24,196:PRINT#ch%,'[A-L Edit (Esc)Rtn]'
1366 BLOCK#ch%,12,7,50,47,0:Chg_Col:RESTORE 1372:ev%=1
1367 FOR i=0 TO 11
1368   READ x:y=164+10*(i DIV 4)
1369   BLOCK#ch%,10,9,x,y,0:BLOCK#ch%,8,7,x+1,y+1,Pcol%(ev%)
1370   CURSOR#ch%,x+12,y:PRINT#ch%,CHR$(ev%+64);' ':Event$(ev%):ev%=ev%+1
1371 END FOR i
1372 DATA 26,136,256,374,26,136,256,374,26,136,256,374
1373 END DEFine

```

[Creates the double page display](#)

QBITS Organiser Addresses

Select Year and/or Month as required on the **Contents** Page. Entering Addresses Page will LOAD DATA file if previously Saved and display any Records. Select and Edit entries as required. When leaving Page (S)ave Newly entered or updated Records.

1400 REMark **Organiser Addresses** Names/email/Mobile/Home/Office/Addresses

1402 DEFine PROCEDURE Addresses

1403 ch% = 1:Prn_Bold 2,32,30,'Addresses':OLoad 1,'Org_'&yr%&'_Addr':FileCLS

1404 BLOCK#ch%,120,12,350,28,7:rn%=1:rs%=1:rm%=50:rf%=1:Address_Page:bc%=7

1405 REPEAT Mail_Lp

1406 Address_Ent rn%:k=CODE(INKEY\$(-1))

1407 SElect ON k

1408 = 192:rn%=rn%-1:IF rn%< 1:rm%=50 :REMark m% Rcd Numm

1409 = 200:rn%=rn%+1:IF rn%>50:rm%=1

1410 = 208:IF rs%> 1:rs%=rs%-1 :REMark rs% Rcd Search

1411 = 216:IF rs%<26:rs%=rs%+1

1412 = 9:rf%=rf%+1:IF rf%>2:rf%=1:END IF :STRIP#ch%,bcol%(1):Set_Tab

1413 = 10:rc%=1:Find_Rcd rn%

1414 = 32:bc%=bcol%(1):OSave 1,'Org_'&yr%&'_Addr':EXIT Mail_Lp

1415 = 83,115:bc%=bcol%(1):OSave 1,'Org_'&yr%&'_Addr':FileCLS :REMark (S)ave

1416 = 76,108:TextEd 1,2,25,1, 20, 72,name\$(rn%,1) :REMark (L)ast Name

1417 = 70,102:TextEd 1,0,25,1, 20, 98,name\$(rn%,2) :REMark (F)irst Name

1418 = 69,101:TextEd 1,4,36,1, 20,124,email\$(rn%) :REMark (e)mail

1419 = 65, 97:TextEd 1,0,32,3,260, 98,addr\$(rn%) :REMark (A)address

1420 = 77,109:TextEd 1,1,15,1,146,146,mail\$(rn%,1) :REMark (M)obile

1421 = 70,104:TextEd 1,1,15,1,146,160,mail\$(rn%,2) :REMark (H)ome

1422 = 79,111:TextEd 1,1,15,1,146,174,mail\$(rn%,3) :REMark (O)ffice

1423 = 80,112:TextEd 1,3,15,1,260,146,mail\$(rn%,4) :REMark (P)ost/Zip Code

1424 = 68,100:TextEd 1,3,15,1,260,160,mail\$(rn%,5) :REMark (D)istrict

1425 = 67, 99:TextEd 1,2,15,1,260,174,mail\$(rn%,6) :REMark (C)ountry

1426 END SElect

1427 END REPEAT Mail_Lp

1428 END DEFine

QBITS Addresses Search

Use <Left/Right> Cursors to Select a Record or Search by name.



Select an Alphabet character using the <Up/Down> Cursor keys, then press <Enter>. If no match is made '**Not Found!**' will be returned. If there are more entries with the chosen Alphabet letter, Press <Enter> until the one looked for is found. Alternatively, use the <Left/Right> Cursor keys to display the previous or the next record in list.

Last Name or First Name use Tab to switch between.

1430 DEFine PROCEDURE Set_Tab

```
1431 BLOCK#ch%,70,40,172,70,bcol%(1):CURSOR#ch%,172,47+26*rf%:PRINT#ch%,'(Tab)'
```

```
1432 END DEFine
```

Find based on the first character of the Last Name or First Name

1434 DEFine PROCEDURE Find_Rcd(rn%)

1435 REPEAT rd_lp

```
1436 STRIP#ch%,bcol%(1):rn%=rn%+1:IF rn%>rm%:rn%=1
```

Note: rn% record number :rm% max

```
1437 IF RS$ INSTR name$(rn%,rf%,1):RETurn :ELSE rc%=rc%+1
```

Note: rc% records checked

```
1438 IF rc%>50:CURSOR#ch%,172,47+26*rf%:PRINT#ch%, 'Not Found!':EXIT rd_lp
```

1439 END REPEAT rd_lp

```
1440 PAUSE 50:Set_Tab
```

```
1441 END DEFine
```

1443 DEFine PROCEDURE Address_Ent(rn%)

Prints Field Entries to screen

```
1444 RESTORE 1451:STRIP#ch%,7
```

```
1445 RS$=CHR$(rs%+64):CURSOR#ch%,448,30:PRINT#ch%,RS$
```

```
1446 CURSOR#ch%,370,30:PRINT#ch%,FILL$(0',2-LEN(m%))&m%
```

```
1447 sc%=26:sr%=1:sx%=20:FOR i=0 TO 1:sy%=72+i*26:Prn_Str name$(m%,i+1)
```

```
1448 sc%=36:sr%=1:sx%=20:sy%=124:Prn_Str email$(rn%)
```

```
1449 sc%=32:sr%=3:sx%=260:sy%=98:Prn_Str addr$(rn%)
```

```
1450 sc%=16:sr%=1:FOR i=1 TO 6:READ sx%,sy%:Prn_Str phone$(rn%,i)
```

```
1451 DATA 140,146,140,160,140,174,260,146,260,160,260,174
```

```
1452 END DEFine
```

1454 DEFine PROCEDURE Address_Page

1454 Phone 30,150:Post 150,24:RESTORE 1457

```
1456 FOR i=1 TO 10:READ a,b,x,y:BLOCK#ch%,a+4,b+2,x-2,y-1,248
```

```
1457 DATA 150,10,20,72,150,10,20,98,216,10,20,124:REMark LName:FName:email
```

```
1458 DATA 90,10,260,146,90,10,260,160,90,10,260,174:REMark Zip Area Country
```

```
1459 DATA 90,10,146,146,90,10,146,160,90,10,146,174:REMark Mobile:Home:Office
```

```
1460 DATA 192,30,260,98:REMark Addrss
```

```
1461 FOR I=1 TO 13:READ a,b,M$:CURSOR#ch%,a,b:PRINT#ch%,M$
```

```
1462 DATA 190,46,'Contents',256,46,'(S)ave',260,86,'(A)ddress'
```

```
1463 DATA 20,60,'(L)ast Name',20,86,'(F)irst Names',20,112,'(e)mail'
```

```
1464 DATA 72,146,'(M)obile',72,160,'(H)ome',72,174,'(O)ffice'
```

```
1465 DATA 360,146,'(P)ost/Zip Code',360,160,'(D)istrict',360,174,'(C)ountry'
```

```
1466 DATA 20,192,'(?)Edit (Esc)Rtn',260,73,'To Search Name use First Letter'
```

```
1467 Set_Tab:STRIP#ch%,7:CURSOR#ch%,352,30:PRINT#ch%, 'R * * SEARCH * * * '
```

```
1478 BLOCK#ch%,12,3,176,48,0:BLOCK#ch%,2,4,466,32,0
```

```
1469 END DEFine
```

QBITS Organiser Entry Edit

To Edit the respective field, key in letter held in [?] brackets of selected entry. When finished Exit with [Esc]. Records can be entered sequentially or on an add hock bases not necessarily in alphabetical order.

QBITS Organiser Contact Lists

An essential component of any Organiser is no doubt its Contact List. The question was what information should the Address page contain and in what format. An obvious starting point was, **Names**, Last name, First name, a nickname or non de plume. Then consideration for a quick search of these names to find a related record. As **emails** are now part of life what conventions exist over the length and allowable characters such as the @ symbol. For Phone numbers, Mobile, Home & Office seemed a sensible choice.

Addresses come with a Name for a Building be it Home or Office and/or a Number, Street or Road name, a local area; Village, Town or **District** of a City, then the **Country** and for National Postal Services the use of **Post/Zip** codes.

Convention for Data Fields Entries

Government guidelines suggested codes for Character fields, **A** Alphabetic, **N** Numeric and **S** Special for example the @ symbol. For names and addresses, field lengths are typically 30 to 35 alphanumeric characters and in the main use uppercase letters.

For email addresses surprisingly 320 characters, the user's name limited to 64 plus the @ symbol and domain names up to 255. Special characters identified as Period (.), Underscore (_), Hyphen (-) and Plus sign (+). For the QBITS Organiser what had to be taken into account was what was practicable for a display in the number of fields and their size, yet still accommodate most people's requirements.

The **emails** field for QBITS Organiser is limited to 36 alphanumeric characters A-Z, a-z, 0-9, the Special characters being period (.) underscore (_) hyphen (-) and the @ symbol.

QBITS Organiser Address Fields

To cover most National Postal schemes, what was decided upon may not meet all local conventions. First a Text box with three rows for an **Address** using alphanumeric and punctuation characters, Numeric and Upper-Case Alphabet characters for the **Post/Zip** Code, **District** and **Country** entries.

QBITS Organiser Meetings

Select Year and/or Month as required on the **Contents** Page. Entering the Meetings Page will LOAD DATA file if previously save and display records. Select Day and Edit Meeting entries as required and Save when leaving.

1500 REMark **Organiser Meetings** Appointments/Events/NotePad

1502 **DEFine PROCEDURE Meetings**

1503 ch%=1: Pm_Bold 2,32,30,'Meetings':OLoad 5,'Org_ '&yr%&' M_ '&mth\$(m%):FileCLS

1504 BLOCK#ch%,120,12,350,28,7:Meetings_Page:STRIP#ch%,7

1505 **REPEAT Appts Ip**

1506 Chg_Day:Meetings_Ent:k=CODE(INKEY\$(-1))

1507 **SElect ON k**

1508 =32 :OSave 5,'Org_ '&yr%&' M_ '&mth\$(m%):EXIT Appts Ip

1509 =83,115:OSave 5,'Org_ '&yr%&' M_ '&mth\$(m%):FileCLS :REMark (S)ave

1510 =49 TO 56:n%=k-48:TextEd 1,0,32,1,42,56+n%*14,Appt\$(d%,n%) :REMark Number

1511 =78,110 :TextEd 1,0,32,8,260,84,Note\$(d%) :REMark (N)ote

1512 =192:d%=d% -1:IF d%<1:d%=1 :REMark ↵

1513 =200:d%=d%+1:IF d%>dm\$(m%):d%=dm\$(m%) :REMark ↵

1514 **END SElect**

1515 **END REPEAT Appts Ip**

1516 **END DEfine**

Note: To Edit Select

(1)(2)(3)(4)(5)(6)(7)(8)

(N) for Notes

1518 **DEFine PROCEDURE Chg_Day**

1519 Cal_Day yr%,m%,d%:STRIP#ch%,7

1520 CURSOR#ch%,352,30:PRINT#ch%,wd\$(wd%);' ↵ ':FILL\$(0,2-LEN(d%))&d%;' ↵ ' Wed +01+ JAN 2022

1521 CURSOR#ch%,410,30:PRINT#ch%,mth\$(m%);' ';yr%

1522 **END DEfine**

1524 **DEFine PROCEDURE Meetings_Ent**

1525 sc%=32:sr%=1:sx%=42:FOR i=1 TO 8:sy%=56+i*14:Pm_Str Meet\$(d%,i)

1526 sc%=32:sr%=8:sx%=260:sy%=84:Pm_Str Note\$(d%)

1527 **END DEfine**

1529 **DEFine PROCEDURE Meetings_Page**

1530 CURSOR#ch%,192,46:PRINT#ch%,Contents':BLOCK 12,3,178,48,0:FileCLS

1531 CURSOR#ch%, 40,58:PRINT#ch%,Time/Person(s)/Place'

1532 FOR i=1 TO 8:CURSOR 20,56+i*14:PRINT '(:i:)'

1533 FOR i=1 TO 8:BLOCK 196,12,40,55+i*14,248

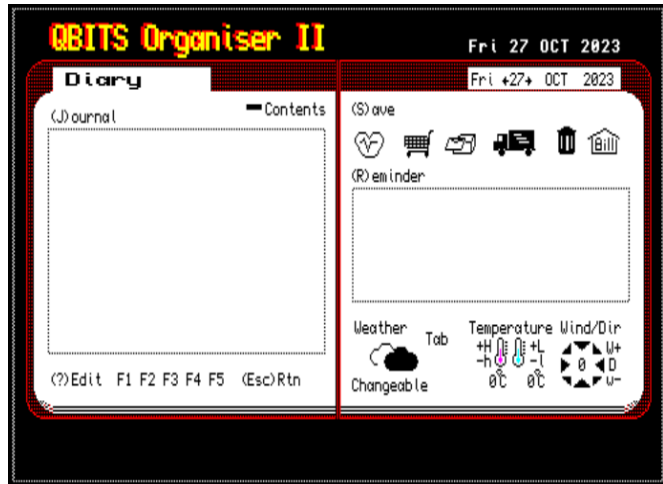
1534 CURSOR#ch%,252,70:PRINT#ch%,(N)otes':BLOCK#ch%,196,82,258,83,248

1535 CURSOR#ch%,20,192:PRINT#ch%,('?)Edit (Esc)Rtn'

1536 **END DEfine**

QBITS Organiser Diary

Select Year and Month as required on the Contents page. Entering Diary Page will LOAD DATA file if previously save and display records. The layout has a (J)ournal for reporting on the day's events and a (R)eminder for all those important tasks not to be forgotten. Select Day and Edit as required, (S)ave when leaving.



1550 REMark Organiser Diary Page Daily Journal/Reminder/Weather/Events

1552 DEFINE PROCEDURE Diary

```

1553 ch%=1:Prn_Bold 2,32,30,'Diary':OLoad 4,'Org_&yr%&'_D_&nth$(m%):FileCLS
1554 BLOCK#ch%, 120,12,350,28,7:'Diary_Page:h%=0:l%=0:w%=0:wp%=0
1555 REPEAT Diary_lp
1556   Chg_Day:Diary_Ent:Wth_Set:k=CODE(INKEY$(-1))
1557   SELECT ON k
1558     =32:   OSave 3,'Org_&yr%&'_D_&nth$(m%):EXIT Diary_lp
1559     =83,115:OSave 3,'Org_&yr%&'_D_&nth$(m%)
1560     =74,106:TextEd 1,0,36,12,21,62,Jrnl$(d%)           :REMark (J)ournal
1561     =82,114:TextEd 1,0,36,6,260,94,Rmdr$(d%)           :REMark (R)eminders
1562     =9:wp%=wp%+1:IF wp%>8:wp%=0:END IF                 :Wth_Set (d%,1)=wp%:Wth_Set
1563     = 72:IF h%< 80:h%=h%+1:Wth%(d%,2)=h%               :Wth_Set :REMark +(H)igh Temp
1564     =104:IF h%>-20:h%=h%-1:Wth%(d%,2)=h%               :Wth_Set :REMark -(h)igh Temp
1565     = 76:IF l%< 40:l%=l%+1:Wth%(d%,3)=l%               :Wth_Set :REMark +(L)ow Temp
1566     =108:IF l%>40:l%=l%-1:Wth%(d%,3)=l%               :Wth_Set :REMark -(l)ow Temp
1567     = 87:IF w%<200:w%=w%+1:Wth%(d%,4)=w%              :Wth_Set :REMark + Wind (F)actor
1568     =119:IF w%> 0:w%=w%-1:Wth%(d%,4)=w%              :Wth_Set :REMark - Wind (f)actor
1569     = 68,100:wp%=wp%+1:IF wp%>8:wp%=0:END IF           :Wth_Set (d%,5)=wp%:Wth_Set
1570     =192:d%=d%-1:IF d%<1:d%=1
1571     =200:d%=d%+1:IF d%>dm%(m%):d%=dm%(m%)
1572   END SELECT
1573 END REPEAT Diary_lp
1574 END DEFINE

```


QBITS Diary Graphics

The icons were created as helpful reminders, the need of a Health check or visit to the Gym, Shopping, Postage of Letters or Parcels, expecting a Delivery, putting out the Garbage or if a House or Car Tax payment is due.



Press 'R' to edit the (R)eminder textbox.

1576 DEFine PROCEDURE Diary_Ent

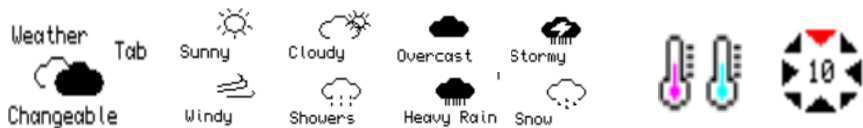
[Display Field Entries](#)

1577 sc%=36:sr%=12:sx%= 21:sy%=62:Str_Prn Jrnl\$(d%) :REMark Journal entry

1578 sc%=36:sr%= 8:sx%=260:sy%=94:Str_Prn Rmdr\$(d%) :REMark Reminder entry

1579 END DEFine

The Weather Reporting uses Graphics to enhance the screen display and minimise the DATA storage. The Graphics are a mixture of **Vector** and **Bitmap** designs. Press the **Tab** key to scan through The Weather patterns range from Changeable, through Sunny, Cloudy, Windy, Showers, Overcast, Heavy Rain (Downpour), Stormy, to Snow.



Edit Temp and Wind speed using (+H-h /+L-l /+W-w), use 'Dd' to highlight a Wind direction.

1581 DEFine PROCEDURE Wth_Set

[Weather Settings](#)

1582 Weather Wth%(d%,1):WindDir Wth%(d%,4),Wth%(d%,5),148,14

1583 h%=Wth%(d%,2):CURSOR#ch%,354,193:PRINT#ch%,FILL\$(' ',3-LEN(h%))&h%

1584 l%=Wth%(d%,3):CURSOR#ch%,384,193:PRINT#ch%,FILL\$(' ',3-LEN(l%))&l%

1585 END DEFine

1447 DEFine PROCEDURE Diary_Page

1588 ch%=1:BLOCK#ch%,218,122, 20,61,248:BLOCK#ch%,218,62,259,93,248

1589 BLOCK#ch%,12,3,176,48,0:RESTORE 1591

1590 FOR i=1 TO 17:READ x%,y%,H\$:CURSOR#ch%,x%,y%:PRINT#ch%,H\$

1591 DATA 190,46,'Contents',256,46,'(S)ave',20,50,'(J)ournal', 256,82,'(R)eminder'

1592 DATA 260,164,'Weather',316,170,'Tab',350,164,'Temperature Wind/Dir'

1593 DATA 374,193,'C',356,174,'+H',356,182,'-h',458,175,'W+'

1594 DATA 404,193,'C',398,174,'+L',398,182,'-l',458,192,'w-'

1595 DATA 460,184,'D',20,192,'(?)Edit F1 F2 F3 F4 F5 (Esc)Rtn'

1596 Therm 371,174,3:CIRCLE#ch%,126,12,.6:Therm 385,174,5:CIRCLE#ch%,136,12,.6

1597 Health 88,70:Shop 300,62:Post 112,66:Goods 370,62:Trash 420,60:CTax 154,70

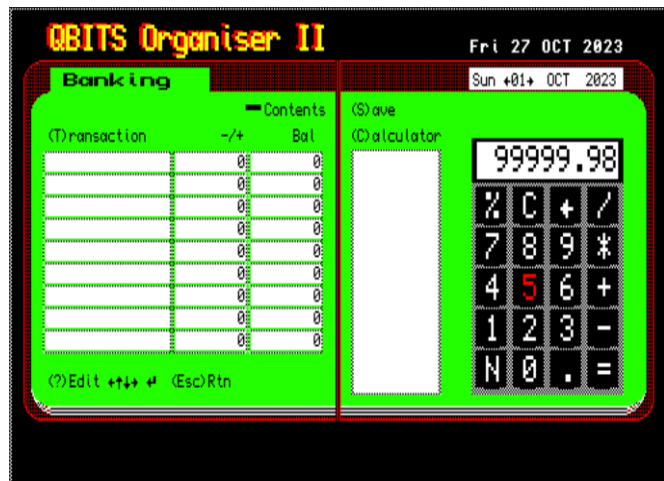
1598 END DEFine

QBITS Organiser Banking

Select Year and Month as required on the Contents page. Entering Banking Page will LOAD DATA file if previously save and display daily entry. The Banking Page handles Transactions as a mini-spreadsheet with the Calculator used as a Currency Ready Reckoner. Use left/right cursors to select the Day if different from that displayed.

Enter Transactions by pressing (T). The top left cell or last currently used will be highlighted. Navigate the various cells with <Cursor keys> followed by <Enter> key. The left Columns use **TextED** allowing alphanumeric entries. The right two currency columns use the **Calculator Editor**.

For independent use of the **Calculator** press (C). Directly type in numbers and Arithmetic Functions or use Cursors and Enter. Use (Esc) to Exit either Editor. Press <Spacebar> or select (S)ave to store the current Data.



1600 REMark **Organiser Banking Page** Daily Transactions & Calculator

1602 DEFINE PROCEDURE Banking

1603 ch%=1::Prn_Bold 2,32,30,'Banking':OLoad 2,'Org.'&yr%&'_B.'&mth\$(m%)

1604 BLOCK#ch%,120,12,350,28,7:Bank_Page:ch%=1:tchk=0:tl=0:oy%=y2%:om%=m2%

1605 REPEAT Bank_Ip

1606 Chg_Day:Bank_Ent:k=CODE(INKEY\$(-1))

1607 SElect ON k

1608 = 32:OSave 2,'Org.'&yr%&'_B.'&mth\$(m%):EXIT Bank_Ip

1609 =83,115:OSave 2,'Org.'&yr%&'_B.'&mth\$(m%):FileCLS

1610 =84,116:Transactions :REMark (T)ransactions

1611 =67, 99:Calculator '0' :REMark (C)alculator

1612 =192:d%=d%-1:IF d%<1:d%=1

1613 =200:d%=d%+1:IF d%>dm%(m%):d%=dm%(m%)

1614 END SElect

1615 END REPEAT Bank_Ip

1616 END DEFINE

```

1618 DEFINE PROCEDURE Bank_Ent
1619 FOR b=1 TO 9:FOR a=1 TO 3:bank%=248:OTrans a,b:END FOR a:END FOR b
1620 END DEFINE

```

```

1622 DEFINE PROCEDURE Transactions
1623 REPEAT Acc_ip
1624   bank%=1:OTrans tc%,tr%:k=CODE(INKEY$(-1)):bank%=248:OTrans tc%,tr%
1625   SELECT ON k
1626     =27:EXIT Acc_ip
1627     =10:IF tc%=1:bank%=0:TextEd 1,cm%,sc%,1,sx%,sy%,Tran$(d%,tr%,tc%)
1628       IF tc%>1:tchk=1:Calculator Tran$(d%,tr%,tc%):tchk=0
1629     =192:IF tc%>1:tc%=tc%-1
1630     =200:IF tc%<3:tc%=tc%+1
1631     =208:IF tr%>1:tr%=tr%-1
1632     =216:IF tr%<9:tr%=tr%+1
1633   END SELECT
1634 END REPEAT Acc_ip
1635 END DEFINE

```

OTrans takes the field's column **tc%** and row **tr%** and calculates coordinates **sx%,sy%**, and the string column **sc%** to define string width **sw%**. Character mode **cm%** is an attribute required by **TextEd**. The borders outline empty cells or with DATA entries of selected Day Printed to screen. To Edit and/or Exit cell press <Enter>. Select another cell or press <Esc> to exit the Spreadsheet.

```

1637 DEFINE PROCEDURE OTrans(tc%,tr%)
1638 IF tc%=1:tl%=0:sc%=16:sw%=98:sx%=20:cm%=0
1639 IF tc%>1:tl%=9-LEN(Tran$(d%,tr%,tc%)):sc%=9:sw%=56:sx%=3+tc%*59:cm%=1
1640 IF tc%>1 AND tl%=9:Tran$(d%,tr%,tc%)='0':tl%=8
1641 sy%=62+tr%*12:BLOCK#ch%,sw%,10,sx%,sy%,7
1642 BLOCK#ch%,sw%,1,sx%-1,sy%-1,blink%:BLOCK#ch%,sw%,1,sx%-1,sy%+11,blink%
1643 BLOCK#ch%,1,11,sx%-2,sy%,blink% :BLOCK#ch%,1,11,sx%+sw%-1,sy%,blink%
1644 STRIP#ch%,7:CURSOR#ch%,sx%,sy%:PRINT#ch%,FILL$(' ',tl%)&Tran$(d%,tr%,tc%)
1645 END DEFINE

```

```

1647 DEFINE PROCEDURE Bank_Page
1648 ch%=1:RESTORE 1650
1649 FOR i=1 TO 7:READ a,b,H$:CURSOR#ch%,a,b:PRINT#ch%,H$
1650 DATA 190, 46,'Contents',256,46,'(S)ave',256,60,'(C)alculator'
1651 DATA 20, 60,'(T)ransaction',156,60,'-/+ ',212,60,'Bal'
1652 DATA 20,192,'(?)Edit ♦♦♦♦♦ (Esc)Rtn'
1653 BLOCK#ch%,12,3,176,48,0:BLOCK#ch%,2,4,104,194,0
1654 ch%=3:PAPER#ch%,7:BORDER#ch%,1,248:INK#ch%,0:CLS#ch%:CSIZE#ch%,0,0
1655 ch%=4:PAPER#ch%,248:INK#ch%,7:STRIP#ch%,0:CLS#ch%:CSIZE#ch%,2,1
1656 FOR kr=1 TO 5
1657   FOR kc=1 TO 4
1658     BLOCK#ch%,24,20,-26+kc*29,2+kr*22,0
1659     CURSOR#ch%,-20+kc*29,3+kr*22:PRINT#ch%,Key$(kc,kr)
1660   END FOR kc
1661 END FOR kr
1662 ch%=5:PAPER#ch%,7:BORDER#ch%,2,0:INK#ch%,0:CLS#ch%:CSIZE#ch%,2,1
1663 c%=2:tr%=3:k=0:km=0:Num$='0':num=0:dot=0:chk=1:slen=5:tc%=1:tr%=1
1664 END DEFINE

```

Set Up Page display

QBITS Text Editor Review

Addresses, Banking, Diary, Meetings and Planner each use differing Character Sets or String handling Formats. To meet this requirement, investigating various Editor codes produced a spiralling list each with problems of functionality. In the end a rather more pragmatic approach prevailed to obtain the minimum acceptable code to get the job done!

QBITS Text Editor Considerations

Previously written **QBITS** code for editing a string was a starting point, this included a character **Add/Delete** function anywhere within the string. The challenge now was to introduce a **Wrap** for multiple rows, and a **New Line** function, while making sure the character string remained within a defined screen area.

Other thoughts that came to mind. Generally, most keyboards come with a dedicated **Delete** and **Backspace**. The **QL Keyboard** uses **CTRL Right** and **CTRL Left** Cursor keys. For the **QBITS TextED** it was decided to extend these actions to the Function keys. **F1** to act as a Backspace, Deleting the character left of cursor position. **F2** to Delete character at cursor position. **F3** Delete to End of Line (opposite to a New Line function) and **F4** Delete all of the current string within the text box.

When deleting a String (**F4**) this presented an opportunity to store it in a buffer and **RESTORE** using (**F5**). This meant a character string could be transferred to other fields. However, problems arise between different field sizes and control of designated character sets. Therefore, this function had to be restricted, primarily if a string is longer than transferred field space, the string is truncated.

To identify the screen position within a current string an **underline** style cursor was chosen. This to move horizontally and vertically anywhere inside the columns and rows of the assigned screen area. However, it must also be retained within the columns and rows of the current string length.

QBITS Text Editor ASCII Codes

Published International standards for data fields helped in deciding the ASCII code sets for Names, Postal Address, Post/Zip Codes, Telephone numbers and Email address. For control of the differing code sets, a method of scalable character groups is deployed beginning with numbers 0-9 and printable characters such as space, hyphen, period, then adding upper-case alphabetic characters followed by lower case, then finally building to a full set to include all punctuation characters, mathematical symbols and brackets etc.

'space' ! " # \$ % & ' () * + , - . /	codes	32 - 47
0123456789	codes	48 - 57
: ; < = > @	codes	58 - 64
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNQRSTUUVWXYZ	codes	65 - 90
[\] ^ _	codes	91 - 96
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz	codes	97 - 122
{ } ~	codes	123 - 126

This in general terms were the goals set for the **QBITS Text Editor**.

QBITS Text Editor Character String

In SuperBASIC an input of character codes grouped as a string variable is suffixed with '\$'. Therefore, the first step is **Adding** characters to the string; i.e. **str\$**:

```
k$=INKEY$      str$=k$ to begin then, str$=str$&k$ to continue adding characters
```

To add characters within the string requires a little more manipulation. First, a variable to locate the current character position **cp%** then the string is added to as follows:

```
k$=INKEY$      str$=str$(1 to cp%-1)&k$&str$(cp% TO):cp%=cp%+1
```

QBITS Text Editor Character Delete

In a similar way characters in the string can be deleted, here another variable is needed to identify the string length **sl%**. This creates a number of possible **Delete** outcomes:

```
IF cp%=1                : str$=str$(2 TO) : sl%=sl%-1
IF cp%>1 AND cp%<sl%    : str$=str$(1 to cp%-1)&str$(cp%+1 TO) : sl%=sl%-1
IF cp%>1 AND cp%=sl%    : sl%=sl%-1 : str$=(1 to sl%)
IF str$=""              : sl%=0 : cp%=1
```

Further constraints are the number of columns **sc%** and rows **sr%** and maximum string length **sm%**, which set the boundaries within which string manipulation can take place.

QBITS Text Editor New Line

For a **New Line** the **cp%** character position is moved to the beginning of the next row. For this, variable **cn%** is introduced to count character spaces to extend the string into the next row (still checking that **sc%**, **sr%** & **sm%** boundaries are not exceeded).

```
IF sl%=0: Return
IF sl% DIV sc%<sr%-1                                Check row position sr%-1
  cn%=sc%-cp% MOD sc%+1                               Count number of spaces to end of row
  IF cp%<=sl%:str$=str$(1 TO cp%-1)&FILL$(' ',cn%)&str$(cp% TO)
  IF cp% > sl%:str$=str$(1 TO cp%-1)&FILL$(' ',cn%)
  cp%=cp%+cn% : sl%=sl%+cn%
END IF
```

QBITS Text Editor Character Display

Characters are printed to screen using the **TextEd** attributes to identify **SuperBASIC** output channel **ch%**, the SuperBASIC **ASCII** code set selected by **IF cm%** statements and acted upon by **SElect ON k** Input Key. The size of screen area is calculated from columns **sc%** and rows **sr%**, and its start screen location **sx%**, **sy%**. The string mechanism for **Wrap** is controlled by a check row variable **cr%**.

QBITS Text Editor Position Cursor

The QBITS Editor uses the **BLOCK** command to provide an underscore visual indicator. **CSIZE 0,0** (six pixels wide) is used to calculation current character cursor coordinates **cx%**, **cy%**. The variable **cp%** is now used for string position, for calculating cursor pixel position and for checking against **str\$** boundaries: 0, **sc%**, **sr%**, **sl%** and **sm%**.

Variables Summary: **k\$, str\$, cp%, sl%, sc%, sr%, sm%, cn%, sx%, sy%, cr%**

1700 REMark **QBITS Text Editor** Set channel,chr mode,col,row,x,y,chr string

1702 **DEFine PROCEDURE** TextEd(ch%,cm%,sc%,sr%,sx%,sy%,str%)

1703 cx%=sx%:cy%=sy%:cp%=1

1704 **REPeat Edit_lp**

1705 Pm_Str str\$:Pm_Cur:k=CODE(INKEY\$(-1))

1706 **SElect ON k**

1707 = 10:IF sr%>1:**Add_Nln** :REMark New Line

1708 = 27:**EXIT Edit_lp** :REMark End Edit

1709 = 32 TO 125:k\$=":"**Chk_Chrr**:IF k\$>":**Add_Chrr** :REMark Add Character

1710 =194,232 :IF cp%>1:cp%=cp%-1 **Del_Chrr** :REMark F1 Delete Left

1711 =202,236 **Del_Chrr** :REMark F2 Delete Above CURSOR

1712 =240 **Del_EOL** :REMark F3 Delete End of Line

1713 =244 **Del_Str** :REMark F4 Delete Page

1714 =248 **Res_Str** :REMark F5 Restore Page

1715 =192:IF cp%> 1 :cp%=cp%-1 :REMark Move Left

1716 =200:IF cp%<=sl% :cp%=cp%+1 :REMark Move Right

1717 =208:IF cp%>sc% :cp%=cp%-sc% :REMark Move Up

1718 =216:IF cp%<sl%-sc%:cp%=cp%+sc%:ELSE IF sl%>0:cp%=sl% :REMark Move Down

1719 **END SElect**

1720 **END REPeat Edit_lp**

1721 BLOCK#ch%,sc%*6,sr%*10,sx%,sy%,bc%:STRIP#ch%,bc%:Pm_Str str\$

1722 **END DEFine**

Note: Text Box Cleared and returned Character String Printed with BkGnd Colour Bc%

1724 **DEFine PROCEDURE** Chk_Chrr

Checks for Character Set

1725 IF cm%=0 **:SElect ON k=32 TO 127** :k\$=CHR\$(k):RETurn

1726 IF cm%=1 OR cm%>2 **:SElect ON k=32,43,45,46,48 TO 57** :k\$=CHR\$(k)

1727 IF cm%>1 **:SElect ON k=65 TO 90** :k\$=CHR\$(k)

1728 IF cm%=2 OR cm%=3 **:SElect ON k=97 TO 122** :k\$=CHR\$(k-32)

1729 IF cm%>3 **:SElect ON k=97 TO 122** :k\$=CHR\$(k)

1730 IF cm%=4 **:SElect ON k=64** :k\$=CHR\$(k)

1731 IF cm%=5 **:SElect ON k=42,47,61** :k\$=CHR\$(k)

1732 **END DEFine**

1734 **DEFine PROCEDURE** Add_Chrr

Adds Character to String

1735 IF cp%=1 AND sl%=0:str\$=str\$&k\$

1736 IF cp%>=1 AND cp%<sl%:str\$=str\$(1 TO cp%-1)&k\$&str\$(cp% TO sl%)

1737 IF cp%>=1 AND cp%=sl%:str\$=str\$(1 TO cp%-1)&k\$&str\$(cp%)

1738 IF cp%>1 AND cp%>sl%:str\$=str\$&k\$

1739 IF cp%=sm%:str\$(cp%)=k\$

1740 IF sl%<sm%:sl%=sl%+1:ELSE sl%=sm%

1741 IF cp%<sm%:cp%=cp%+1:ELSE cp%=sm%

1742 **END DEFine**

1744 **DEFine PROCEDURE** Del_Chrr

Deletes Character form string

1745 IF cp%=sl%:str\$=str\$(1 TO sl%-1):sl%=sl%-1

1746 IF cp%>=1 AND cp%<sl%:str\$=str\$(1 TO cp%-1)&str\$(cp%+1 TO sl%):sl%=sl%-1

1747 IF cp%=sm%:str\$=str\$(1 TO sm%-1):cp%=cp%-1:sl%=sm%-1

1748 IF cp%=1 AND sl%=1:str\$="" :sl%=0

1749 **END DEFine**

17510 **DEfIne PROCEDURE Del_EOL**

[Delete to End of Line \[F3\]](#)

1752 IF cp%>=sl%:RETurn

1753 buf\$=str\$:cn%=1+sc%-cp% MOD sc%:IF cn%>sl%-cp%:cn%=sl%-cp%

1754 str\$=FILL\$(' ',sl%):Str_Prn str\$

1755 str\$=buf\$(1 TO cp%-1)&buf\$(cp%+cn% TO LEN(buf\$)):sl%=LEN(str\$)

1756 **END DEfIne**

1758 **DEfIne PROCEDURE Del_Str**

[Clear Text Box \[F4\]](#)

1759 buf\$=str\$:str\$="" :sl%=0:cp%=1:BLOCK#ch%,sc%*6,sr%*10,sx%,sy%,7

1760 **END DEfIne**

1762 **DEfIne PROCEDURE Res_Str**

[Restore Text from Buffer \[F5\]](#)

1763 sl%=LEN(str\$):IF sl%>sm%:str\$=buf\$(1 TO sm%):sl%=sm%:ELSE str\$=buf\$

1764 **END DEfIne**

1766 **DEfIne PROCEDURE Add_Nln**

[Add New line](#)

1767 IF sl%=0:RETurn :ELSE cn%=1+sc%-cp% MOD sc%

1768 IF sl% DIV sc%<sr%-1 OR sl%+cn%<sm%

1769 IF cp%<=sl%

1770 str\$=str\$(1 TO cp%-1)&FILL\$(' ',cn%)&str\$(cp% TO sl%)

1771 cp%=cp%+cn%:sl%=LEN(str\$)

1772 **END IF**

1773 IF cp%> sl%:str\$=str\$(1 TO cp%)&FILL\$(' ',cn%):cp%=cp%+cn%:sl%=cp%:END IF

1774 **END IF**

1775 **END DEfIne**

1777 **DEfIne PROCEDURE Prn_Str(str\$)**

[Print String in Text Box](#)

1778 BLOCK#ch%,sc%*6,sr%*10,sx%,sy%,7:STRIP#ch%,7 :REMark Text Clear

1779 sm%=sc%*sr%:sl%=LEN(str\$):IF sl%>sm%:sl%=sm% :REMark String Length

1780 cr%=sl% DIV sc%:IF cr%=sr%:cr%=sr%-1 :REMark Carriage Return

1781 FOR r=0 TO cr%

1782 IF sl%>0 AND sl% MOD sc%>=0

1783 CURSOR#ch%,sx%,sy%+r*10:PRINT#ch%,str\$(1+sc%*r TO sc%+sc%*r)

1784 **END IF**

1785 **END FOR r**

1786 IF sl%=0:CURSOR#ch%,sx%,sy%:PRINT#ch%,':END IF

1787 **END DEfIne**

1789 **DEfIne PROCEDURE Prn_Cur**

[Reposition String Position Cursor](#)

1790 BLOCK#ch%,6,1,cx%,cy%+9,7

1791 IF cp% MOD sc%=0:cx%=sx%+sc%*6-6 :cy%=sy%+cp% DIV sc%*10-10

1792 IF cp% MOD sc%>0:cx%=sx%+cp% MOD sc%*6-6:cy%=sy%+cp% DIV sc%*10

1793 IF cp%=1 :cx%=sx% :cy%=sy%

1794 IF cp%>=sm% :cx%=sx%+sc%*6-6 :cy%=sy%+sr%*10-10

1795 BLOCK#ch%,6,1,cx%,cy%+9,2

1796 **END DEfIne**

QBITS Calculator

The Calculator Editor is for working with currencies printed to two decimal places. The Arithmetic Functions are [**+**] Add, [**-**] Subtract, [*****] Multiply, [**/**] Divide. Percentage a number [**%**] times a value of [%]. Other keys, [=] Equal sign, [.] Decimal Point, [**N**]egate **-/+**number, [**C**]lear all, [**↵**] Delete last character.

1800 REMark **QBITS Calculator** (99999.89)

1802 **DEfINE PROCEDURE Calculator**(Num\$)

1803 **REPeat Calc_ip**

1804 INK#4,2:**Calc_Key c%,r%:PRINT#5,FILL\$(' ',9-LEN(Num\$))&Num\$**

1805 IF tchk=1:CURSOR#1,sx%,sy%:PRINT#1,FILL\$(' ',9-LEN(Num\$))&Num\$

1806 k=CODE(INKEY\$(-1)):INK#4,7:**Calc_Key c%,r%:IF k=10:k=CODE(Key\$(c%,r%))**

1807 **SELection ON k**

1808 =27:INK#4,7:**Calc_Key c%,r%:ch%=1:EXIT Calc_ip**

1809 =194 :**Calc_BkSp** :REMark [↵] Delete

1810 =67,99 :**Calc_Cls** :REMark [C]lear

1811 =78,110 :**Calc_Negate** :REMark [N]egate

1812 =37,42,43,45,47,61:**Calc_Func** :REMark [%/*+%=] Function

1813 =46:IF dot=0 :**Calc_Dot** :chk=0:dot=1 :REMark [.] Decimal Point

1814 =48 TO 57 :**Calc_Add** :REMark [0 to 9]

1815 =192:c%=c%-1:IF c%<1:c%=4 :REMark Key column

1816 =200:c%=c%+1:IF c%>4:c%=1

1817 =216:r%=r%+1:IF r%>5:r%=1 :REMark Key row

1818 =208:r%=r%-1:IF r%<1:r%=5

1819 **END SELection**

1820 **END REPeat Calc_ip**

1821 IF Num\$>0:km=32:**Calc_Dec**

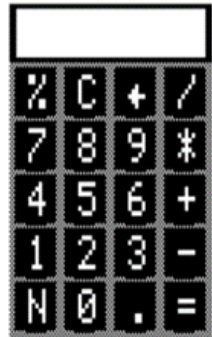
1822 **END DEfINE**

Note: **REPeat Calc_ip** checks for Numeric Input or Maths Function, keyed directly or via **Cursor Keys & Enter**.

Note: Printing Numbers when Growing from Right to Left

PRINT#5,FILL\$(' ',9-LEN(Num\$))&Num\$

(C)alculator



1824 **DEfINE PROCEDURE Calc_Key(c%,r%)**

Updates the Highlighted Key on Keypad

1825 ch%=4:CURSOR#ch%,-20+c%*29,3+r%*22:PRINT#ch%,Key\$(c%,r%)

1826 **END DEfINE**

1828 **DEfINE PROCEDURE Calc_BkSp**

Deletes Last Character

1829 Num\$=Num\$(1 TO LEN(Num\$)-1)

1830 IF LEN(Num\$)=0:Num\$='0':chk=1:dot=0:slen=5

1831 IF LEN(Num\$)=1 AND '.' INSTR Num\$=1:Num\$='0':chk=1:dot=0:slen=5

1832 IF '.' INSTR Num\$=0:dot=0:slen=5

1833 IF '.' INSTR Num\$>1:slen=Num\$-LEN(INT(Num\$))+2

1834 **END DEfINE**

1836 **DEFine PROCEDURE Calc_Cls** Resets Numbers Num\$,num, Clears Work Areas
 1837 CLS#3:CLS#5:Num\$="0":num=0:dot="0":slen=5
 1838 **END DEFine**

1840 **DEFine PROCEDURE Calc_Negate** Toggles +/- Value of Number
 1841 IF Num\$="0":RETURN
 1842 IF Num\$(1)="-":Num\$=Num\$(2 TO LEN(Num\$)):ELSE Num\$="-"&Num\$
 1843 **END DEFine**

1845 **DEFine PROCEDURE Calc_Dot** Adds Decimal Point
 1846 IF chk=1:Num\$="0":slen=4:RETURN
 1847 IF Num\$-INT(Num\$)=0:Num\$=Num\$&".":slen=LEN(Num\$)+2
 1848 **END DEFine**

1850 **DEFine PROCEDURE Calc_Add** Adds a Numerical Value
 1851 IF chk=1:chk=0:Num\$=CHR\$(k):ELSE IF LEN(Num\$)<slen:Num\$=Num\$&CHR\$(k)
 1852 **END DEFine**

Note: To avoid QL SuperBASIC printing values as self-describing integers (1E6 etc.) and QPC2 SMSQ/E apparent rounding up of 99999.99 to 100000. The QBITS Calculator is limited to string values of only eight numeric characters ranged between +99998.99 and -99998.99 exceeding these values incurs an Overflow.

1854 **DEFine PROCEDURE Calc_Err**
 1855 IF Num\$>99999.89 OR Num\$<-99999.89:Num\$="!":ELSE num=Num\$
 1856 **END DEFine**

Note: Formatting to two decimal points requires checking if a decimal point already exists within the Character String (Num\$) and then to what number of decimal places.

1858 **DEFine PROCEDURE Calc_Dec** Identifies and Adds Full Decimal Notation
 1859 IF Num\$="!":PRINT#3,"= Overflow!":Num\$="0":num=0:RETURN
 1860 IF "." INSTR Num\$=0 AND Num\$<".1":Num\$="0":RETURN :REMark QL (1E6 etc)
 1861 IF Num\$-INT(Num\$)=0:dec\$=".00":ELSE dec\$=Num\$("." INSTR Num\$ TO LEN(Num\$))
 1862 IF LEN(dec\$)<3:dec\$=dec\$&"0"
 1863 Num\$=INT(Num\$)&dec\$(1 TO 3):PRINT#3,CHR\$(km);FILL\$(" ",10-LEN(Num\$))&Num\$
 1864 **END DEFine**

Note: km holds the math function [% / * + -] num & Num\$ the numeric values (n1 n2).

1866 **DEFine PROCEDURE Calc_Func** Carries out the Math Functions
 1867 IF km=47 AND Num\$="0":chk=1:RETURN
 1868 IF num=0:km=32:**Calc_Err:Calc_Dec**:chk=1:dot="0":slen=5:num=Num\$:km=k:RETURN
 1869 IF k=37:km=37:k=61 :REMark '%' Percentages
 1870 IF km<>61:**Calc_Dec Num\$**:chk=1 :REMark '/' * + - Functions
 1871 **SElect ON km**
 1872 =37:Num\$=num*Num\$/100 :REMark '%' n='n1*n2/100'
 1873 =47:Num\$=num/Num\$:REMark '/' 'n1/n2'
 1874 =42:Num\$=num*Num\$:REMark '*' 'n1*n2'
 1875 =43:Num\$=num+Num\$:REMark '+' 'n1+n2'
 1876 =45:Num\$=num-Num\$:REMark '-' 'n1-n2'
 1877 **END SElect**
 1878 **Calc_Err**:km=61:**Calc_Dec**:km=k:chk=1 :REMark Results
 1879 **END DEFine**

QBIT Organiser Data Storage

Dependant on Device/Year/Month selected Data Files are Loaded if previously Saved relevant to the Organiser Page being accessed. The field entries are then displayed in accordance to the Record / Day selected. Array fields are not Deleted or Overwritten when leaving an Organiser Page.

Note: [LOAD Config DATA on Initialising Organiser or from Contents Page with change of Theme.](#)

1900 REMark **Organiser Data Storage**

1902 **DEFine PROCEDURE FCheck**

```
1903 STRIP#ch%,bc%:CURSOR#ch%,256,46:PRINT#ch%,'Searching... '
1904 PAUSE 30:eck=0:ck%=0:DELETE drv$(dn%)&'FList'
1905 OPEN_NEW#9,drv$(dn%)&'FList':DIR#9,drv$(dn%):CLOSE#9
1906 OPEN_IN#9,drv$(dn%)&'FList'
1907 REPEAT dir_lp
1908   IF EOF(#9):CLOSE#9:ck=0:EXIT dir_lp
1909   INPUT#9,DFile$:IF DFile$==OrgFile$:CLOSE#9:ck=1:EXIT dir_lp
1910END REPEAT dir_lp
1911 END DEFine
```

1913 **DEFine PROCEDURE OLoad(OFT,OrgFile\$)**

[Check File exists in DIR List](#)

```
1914 ch%=1:FCheck
1915 IF ck=0 OR eck=1
1916   CURSOR 256,46:PRINT 'File NOT Found':eck=0:PAUSE 50:RETURN
1917 END IF
1918 OPEN_IN#9,drv$(dn%)&OrgFile$
1919 CURSOR#ch%,256,46:PRINT#ch%,'Loading... ':drv$(dn%)&OrgFile$
1920 IF OFT=0:FOR a=0 TO 6:INPUT#9,bcol%(a)           :REMark Config
1921 IF OFT=1                                           :REMark Addr List
1922   FOR a=1 TO 50:FOR b=1 TO 5:INPUT#9,name$(a,b):END FOR b:END FOR a
1923   FOR a=1 TO 50:FOR b=1 TO 6:INPUT#9,mail$(a,b):END FOR b:END FOR a
1924   FOR a=1 TO 50:INPUT#9,email$(a)\addr$(a)
1925 END IF
1926 IF OFT=2                                           :REMark Banking
1927   FOR a=1 TO 31
1928     FOR b=1 TO 8:FOR c=1 TO 3:INPUT#9,Tran$(a,b,c):END FOR c:END FOR b
1929   END FOR a
1930 END IF
1931 IF OFT=4                                           :REMark Diary
1932   FOR a=1 TO 31:INPUT#9,Jml$(a)
1933   FOR a=1 TO 31:INPUT#9,Rmdr$(a)
1934   FOR a=1 TO 31:FOR b=1 TO 5:INPUT#9,Wth%(a,b):END FOR b:END FOR a
1935 END IF
1936 IF OFT=5                                           :REMark Meetings
1937   FOR a=1 TO 31:FOR b=1 TO 6:INPUT#9,Appt$(a,b):END FOR b:END FOR a
1938   FOR a=1 TO 31:INPUT#9,Note$(a):END FOR a
1939 END IF
1940 IF OFT=6                                           :REMark Planner
1941   FOR a=1 TO 12:FOR b=1 TO 31:INPUT#9,Plnr$(a,b):END FOR b:END FOR a
1942   FOR a=1 TO 12:INPUT#9,Pcol%(a)\Event$(a)
1943 END IF
1944 CLOSE#9:PAUSE 50:FileCLS
1945 END DEFine
```

Note: On leaving a Page press <Spacebar> or by select (S)ave you are prompted to Store the current Data. Either the data will be saved as a New file or if previously saved then an Overwrite Y/N prompt will be given.

If the Device or Medium is not found a **DEVICE ERROR** will be given. To save Data return without Saving to the **Contents** Page and select a Device that is attached (**Do not change Year or Month**). Again return to **Organiser Page** last accessed, the field entries should still be there so that they can now be Saved.

```

1947 DEFine PROCEDURE OSave(OFT,OrgFile$)
1948 ch%=1:STRIP#ch%,bc%:CURSOR#ch%,298,46:PRINT#ch%,'Y/N ';drv$(dn%);OrgFile$
1949 PAUSE:IF KEYROW(5)<>64:BLOCK#ch%,20,10,300,46,bc%:RETURN:ELSE FCheck
1950 IF eck=1
1951 CURSOR#ch%,256,46:PRINT#ch%,'DEVICE ERROR...':eck=0:PAUSE 50:RETURN
1952 END IF
1953 IF ck=1
1954 CURSOR#ch%,256,46:PRINT#ch%,'Overwrite Y/N ':PAUSE:IF KEYROW(5)<>64:RETURN
1955 END IF
1956 DELETE drv$(dn%)&OrgFile$:OPEN_NEW#9,drv$(dn%)&OrgFile$
1957 CURSOR#ch%,256,46:PRINT#ch%,'Saving... ';OrgFile$
1958 IF OFT=0:FOR a=0 TO 6:PRINT#9,bcol%(a):REMark Config
1959 IF OFT=1:REMark Addr List
1960 FOR a=1 TO 50:FOR b=1 TO 5:PRINT#9,name$(a,b):END FOR b:END FOR a
1961 FOR a=1 TO 50:FOR b=1 TO 6:PRINT#9,mail$(a,b):END FOR b:END FOR a
1962 FOR a=1 TO 50:PRINT#9,email$(a)\addr$(a)
1963 END IF
1964 IF OFT=2:REMark Banking
1965 FOR a=1 TO 31
1966 FOR b=1 TO 8:FOR c=1 TO 3:PRINT#9,Tran$(a,b,c):END FOR c:END FOR b
1967 END FOR a
1968 END IF
1969 IF OFT=4:REMark Diary
1970 FOR a=1 TO 31:PRINT#9,Jml$(a)\Rmdr$(a)
1971 FOR a=1 TO 31:FOR b=1 TO 5:PRINT#9,With$(a,b):END FOR b:END FOR a
1972 END IF
1973 IF OFT=5:REMark Meetings
1974 FOR a=1 TO 31:FOR b=1 TO 8:PRINT#9,Appt$(a,b):END FOR b:END FOR a
1975 FOR a=1 TO 31:PRINT#9,Note$(a):END FOR a
1976 END IF
1977 IF OFT=6:REMark Planner
1978 FOR a=1 TO 12:FOR b=1 TO 31:PRINT#9,Plnr$(a,b):END FOR b:END FOR a
1979 FOR a=1 TO 12:PRINT#9,Pcol$(a)\Event$(a)
1980 END IF
1981 CLOSE#9:PAUSE 50:FileCLS
1982 END DEFine

```

File Actions	(S)ave Y/N	Searching...	DEVICE ERROR...	Overwrite Y/N	Saving...
	Load Data Files		File NOT Found		Loading...

```

1984 DEFine PROCEDURE FileCLS
1985 CURSOR#ch%,256,46:PRINT#ch%,'(S)ave';FILL$(' ',15)
1986 END DEFine

```

QBITS Organiser Graphics

These use a combination of **Vector** and **Bitmap** style designs. **Vectors** use SuperBasic ARC, CIRCLE, LINE and **Bitmaps** use the BLOCK command.

First the image is sketched, then redrawn over a Grid to map the coordinates. **Vectors** and **Graphics coordinates** use x y Axis for Window positioning, **Bitmap** images use top left location of the **Pixel coordinates** system.

2000 REMark QBITS Organiser Graphics

```
2002 DEFine PROCEDURE WindDir(wn%,wd%,x,y)
2003 LOCAL a,b,c,d,e,f,l:RESTORE 2008:BLOCK 18,10,430,184,bcol%(4)
2004 FOR w=1 TO 8
2005   READ a,b,c,d,e,f:IF w=wd%:INK 2:ELSE INK 0
2006   FILL 1:LINE a+x,b+y TO c+x,d+y TO e+x,f+y TO a+x,b+y:FILL 0
2007 END FOR w
2008 DATA 0,3.8,-2.5.5,+2.5.5,3,3,3,5.5,3
2009 DATA 3.5,0,5.5,-1.5,5.5,1.5,3,-3,3,-5.5,-3
2010 DATA 0,-3.5,2,-5.5,-2,-5.5,-3,-3,-3,-5.5,-3
2011 DATA -3.5,0,-5.5,-1.5,-5.5,1.5,-3,3,-3,5.5,3
2012 l=INT(LEN(wn%)*6)/2:STRIP bcol%(4):INK 0:CURSOR x,y,-l,-4:PRINT wn%
2013 END DEFine
```



```
2015 DEFine PROCEDURE Weather(wp)
2016 ch%=1:INK#ch%,gc%:wx%=98:wy%=16:wr%=2
2017 STRIP#ch%,bcol%(4):BLOCK#ch%,46,30,270,174,bcol%(4)
2018 SELECT ON wp
2019   =0:Cloud      ch%,wx%-2,wy%,wr%      :Overcast ch%,wx%+2,wy%-1,wr%
2020   =1:Sunny      ch%,wx%,wy%,wr%
2021   =2:Sunny      ch%,wx%+4,wy%+1,wr%*.7 :Cloud ch%,wx%,wy%-1,wr%
2022   =3:Windy      ch%,wx%,wy%,wr%
2023   =4:Showers    ch%,wx%,wy%,wr%
2024   =5:Overcast   ch%,wx%,wy%,wr%
2025   =6:Downpour   ch%,wx%,wy%,wr%
2026   =7:Stormy     ch%,wx%,wy%,wr%
2027   =8:Snow       ch%,wx%,wy%,wr%
2028 END SELECT
2029 CURSOR#ch%,258,195:PRINT#ch%,Sky$(wp)&FILL$(' ',10-LEN(Sky$(wp)))
2030 END DEFine
```

Changeable



Cloudy



The Weather Patters

```
2032 DEFine PROCEDURE Sunny(ch%,wx%,wy%,wr%)
2033 CIRCLE#ch%,wx%,wy%,wr% :r1%=wr%*1.5:r2%=wr%*2
2034 FOR i=1 TO 9
2035   LINE#ch%,wx%+r1%*COS(i*60),wy%+r1%*SIN(i*60)
2036   LINE#ch% TO wx%+r2%*COS(i*60),wy%+r2%*SIN(i*60)
2037 END FOR i
2038 END DEFine
```



```
2040 DEFine PROCEDURE Cloud(ch%,wx%,wy%,wr%)
2041 ARC#ch%,wx%-wr%*1.2,wy%-wr% TO wx%-wr%,wy%+wr%,-PI
2042 ARC#ch% TO wx%+wr%,wy%+wr%,-PI*.8 TO wx%+wr%*1.2,wy%-wr%,-PI
2043 END DEFine:
```



Weather Patterns cont...

2045 **DEFine PROCEDURE Windy(ch%,wx%,wy%,wr%)**

2046 **LINE#**ch%,wx%-wr%*2,wy%+wr%/2 **TO** wx%,wy%+wr%:ARC#ch% **TO** wx%,wy%+wr%*2,PI

2047 **LINE#**ch%,wx%-wr%*2,wy%-wr%/4 **TO** wx%+wr%*.6,wy%+wr%/4

2048 **ARC#**ch% **TO** wx%+wr%*.6,wy%+wr%*1.4,PI

2049 **LINE#**ch%,wx%-wr%,wy%-wr% **TO** wx%+wr%,wy%-wr%:ARC#ch% **TO** wx%+wr%*1.5,wy%,PI

2050 **END DEFine**



2052 **DEFine PROCEDURE Overcast(ch%,wx%,wy%,wr%)**

2053 **FILL#**ch%,1:Cloud ch%,wx%,wy%,wr%

2054 **LINE#**ch%,wx%-wr%,wy%-wr% **TO** wx%+wr%,wy%-wr%:FILL#ch%,0

2055 **END DEFine**



2057 **DEFine PROCEDURE Showers(ch%,wx%,wy%,wr%)**

2058 **Cloud** ch%,wx%,wy%,wr%

2059 **FOR** i=-1 **TO** 1:LINE#ch%,wx%+wr%*i,wy%-wr%*.8 **TO** wx%+wr%*i,wy%-wr%*1.2

2060 **FOR** i=-1 **TO** 1:LINE#ch%,wx%+wr%*i,wy%-wr%*1.5 **TO** wx%+wr%*i,wy%-wr%*2

2061 **END DEFine**



The Text with this is given as Heavy Rain

2063 **DEFine PROCEDURE Downpour(ch%,wx%,wy%,wr%)**

2064 **Overcast** ch%,wx%,wy%,wr%

2065 **FOR** i=-1 **TO** 1 **STEP** .4:LINE#ch%,wx%+wr%*i,wy%-wr% **TO** wx%+wr%*i,wy%-wr%*2

2066 **END DEFine**



2068 **DEFine PROCEDURE Stormy(ch%,wx%,wy%,wr%)**

2069 **Downpour** ch%,wx%,wy%,wr%:INK#ch%,7:FILL#ch%,1

2070 **LINE#**ch%,wx%,wy% **TO** wx%-wr%,wy% **TO** wx%,wy%+wr% **TO** wx%+wr%/2,wy%+wr%

2071 **LINE#**ch% **TO** wx%,wy%+wr%/2 **TO** wx%+wr%,wy%+wr%/2 **TO** wx%-wr%/4,wy%-wr%

2072 **LINE#**ch% **TO** wx%,wy%:FILL#ch%,0:INK#ch%,0

2073 **END DEFine**



2075 **DEFine PROCEDURE Snow(ch%,wx%,wy%,wr%)**

2076 **Cloud** ch%,wx%,wy%,wr%

2077 **CIRCLE#**ch%,wx%-wr%*.8,wy%-wr%*1.5,wr%/6:CIRCLE#ch%,wx%,wy%-wr%,wr%/6

2078 **CIRCLE#**ch%,wx%+wr%*.8,wy%-wr%*1.5,wr%/6:CIRCLE#ch%,wx%,wy%-wr%*2,wr%/6

2079 **END DEFine**



Bitmap Thermostat Symbols with Colours shown for High & Low.

2081 **DEFine PROCEDURE Therm(wx%,wy%,wc)**

2082 **RESTORE 2083**:**FOR** i=1 **TO** 18:**READ** a,b,c,d,e:BLOCK#ch%,a,b,wx+c,wy+d,e

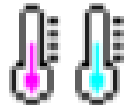
2083 **DATA** 3,1,3,0,0, 1,8,2,1,0, 1,8,6,1,0, 2,1,1,9,0, 2,1,6,9,0

2084 **DATA** 1,4,0,10,0, 1,4,8,10,0, 2,1,1,14,0, 2,1,6,14,0, 3,1,3,15,0

2085 **DATA** 3,13,3,1,7, 7,3,1,10,7, 1,8,4,6,wc, 3,2,3,11,wc

2086 **DATA** 2,1,8,2,0, 2,1,8,4,0, 2,1,8,6,0, 2,1,8,8,0

2087 **END DEFine**



The Diary (R)eminders etc

2089 DEFine PROCEDURE Health(wx,wy)

2090 INK#ch%,0:ARC#ch%,wx,wy-1 TO wx+3.6,wy,-PI TO wx+7.4,wy-1,-PI
2091 LINE#ch% TO wx+5.6,wy-4.2:ARC#ch% TO wx+2,wy-4.2,-PI/3:LINE#ch% TO wx,wy-1
2092 LINE#ch%,wx+1.2,wy-1 TO wx+1.8,wy-1 TO wx+2.2,wy TO wx+3.2,wy-3.5
2093 LINE#ch% TO wx+4,wy-1 TO wx+6,wy-1:INK#ch%,0
2094 END DEFine



2096 DEFine PROCEDURE Shop(wx,wy)

2097 **RESTORE 2098**:FOR i=1 TO 20:**READ a,b,x,y,c**:BLOCK#ch%,a,b,wx+x,wy+y,c
2098 DATA 3,1,20,0,0, 2,1,19,1,0, 1,6,19,2,0, 1,6,18,6,0, 1,5,0,4,0
2099 DATA 18,1,0,3,0, 18,1,0,5,0, 18,1,0,7,0, 16,1,2,9,0, 14,1,3,11,0
2100 DATA 1,5,3,4,0, 1,5,6,4,0, 1,5,9,4,0, 1,5,12,4,0, 1,5,15,4,0
2101 DATA 1,5,18,4,0, 3,2,2,12,0, 1,4,3,11,0, 3,2,16,12,0, 1,4,17,11,0
2102 END DEFine



2104 DEFine PROCEDURE Goods(wx,wy)

2105 **RESTORE 2106**:FOR i=1 TO 13:**READ a,b,x,y,c**:BLOCK#ch%,a,b,wx+x,wy+y,c
2106 DATA 4,5,0, 6,0, 8,8,3,2,0, 3,3, 4, 3,7, 20,10,12,0,0
2107 DATA 5,2,4,11,0, 3,4,5,10,0, 5,2,25,11,0, 3, 4,26,10,0
2108 DATA 15,1,9,10,0, 3,1,30,10,0, 6,1,16,2,7, 8,1,18,4,7, 8,1,20,6,7
2109 END DEFine



Also used on Address page

2111 DEFine PROCEDURE Post(wx,wy)

2112 LINE#ch%,wx+1,wy+4 TO wx+5,wy+4 TO wx+2.5,wy+3 TO wx+1,wy+4
2113 LINE#ch%,wx+1,wy+4 TO wx,wy+1 TO wx+4,wy+1 TO wx+5,wy+4
2114 LINE#ch%,wx+2,wy+.5 TO wx+2,wy TO wx+6.5,wy TO wx+6.5,wy+3 TO wx+5,wy+3
2115 LINE#ch%,wx+6.5,wy TO wx+7.5,wy+2 TO wx+7.5,wy+5 TO wx+6.5,wy+3
2116 LINE#ch%,wx+7.5,wy+5 TO wx+4,wy+5 TO wx+2.5,wy+4
2117 END DEFine



2119 DEFine PROCEDURE Trash(wx,wy)

2120 **RESTORE 2121**:FOR i=1 TO 8:**READ a,b,x,y,c**:BLOCK#ch%,a,b,wx+x,wy+y,c
2121 DATA 5,1,5,0,0, 9,1,3,1,0, 15,1,0,2,0, 13,11,1,3,0, 11,1,2,14,0
2122 DATA 1,7,3,5,7, 2,8,7,5,7, 1,7,11,5,7
2123 END DEFine



2125 DEFine PROCEDURE Bill(wx,wy)

2126 LINE#ch%,wx-4.5,wy TO wx,wy+2 TO wx+4,wy
2127 LINE#ch%,wx-3.5,wy TO wx-3.5,wy-4 TO wx+3,wy-4 TO wx+3,wy
2128 CIRCLE#ch%,wx-1.8,wy-.8,:CIRCLE#ch%,wx-1.8,wy-2.5,.8
2129 LINE wx,wy-2.8 TO wx,wy-1:POINT wx,wy-5
2130 LINE wx+1,wy-2.8 TO wx+1,wy+.2:LINE wx+2,wy-2.8 TO wx+2,wy+.2
2131 END DEFine



2133 DEFine PROCEDURE Phone(wx,wy)

Used on Address Page

2134 **RESTORE 1944**:FOR i=1 TO 12:**READ a,b,x,y,c**:BLOCK#ch%,a,b,wx+x,wy+y,c
2135 DATA 19,24,0,0,0, 17,16,1,3,7, 3,2,8,21,7, 1,4,9,20,7
2136 DATA 3,10,7,6,2, 2,3,5,6,2, 2,3,5,13,2, 4,1,8,1,7
2137 DATA 3,10,10,7,4, 1,8,13,8,4, 2,3,8,7,4, 2,3,8,14,4
2138 END DEFine

